REFERENCE TITLE: sales and use tax holiday

State of Arizona Senate Forty-seventh Legislature Second Regular Session 2006

SB 1464

Introduced by Senators Hale, Mitchell: Garcia, Soltero; Representative Rios P

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 42-1253, 42-1254, 42-5001, 42-5029, 42-5061, 42-5151, 42-5159 AND 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 42, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTIONS 42-5015, 42-5032.02 AND 42-5032.03; RELATING TO TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAXES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 42-1253, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-1253. Appeal to state board of tax appeals: definition

- A. Except as provided in section 42-1254, subsection C, a person aggrieved by a final decision or order of the department under section 42-1251, article 3 of this chapter or section 42-2065, 42-2068, 42-2069, 42-2074, 42-2201, or 42-2202, 42-5032.02 OR 42-5032.03 may appeal to the state board of tax appeals by filing a notice of appeal in writing within thirty days after the decision or order from which the appeal is taken has become final.
- B. The board shall take testimony and examine documentary evidence as necessary to determine the appeal, all pursuant to administrative rules to govern such appeals.
- C. On determining the appeal the board shall issue a decision consistent with its determination. The board's decision is final on the expiration of thirty days from the date when notice of its action is received by the taxpayer, unless either the department or the taxpayer brings an action in tax court as provided in section 42-1254.
- D. If the amount in any single dispute before the board is less than twenty-five thousand dollars, a taxpayer may be represented in that dispute before the board by:
 - 1. A certified public accountant.
- 2. A person who is enrolled to practice before the United States internal revenue service and is recognized as an enrolled agent.
- 3. Any other person who is authorized by the taxpayer under a properly executed power of attorney and who was previously or is currently retained by the taxpayer for purposes other than representation in a hearing before the board.
- E. If a practitioner who represents a CITY, TOWN OR taxpayer before the board pursuant to subsection D of this section fails to comply with an order or rule of the board, the board may impose sanctions including one or both of the following:
- 1. Order that the stipulation of the facts proposed by the department of revenue be accepted.
- 2. Suspend the practitioner from further practice before the board either for a specific period of time or until the board removes the suspension.
- F. For the purposes of this section, "practitioner" means a person, other than a party, who files documents with or appears before the board in connection with a matter before the board.
 - Sec. 2. Section 42-1254, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-1254. Appeal to tax court
- A. The department or a CITY, TOWN OR taxpayer aggrieved by a decision of the state board of tax appeals may bring an action in tax court.

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- B. If the department is aggrieved by a decision of the board and the amount in dispute is less than five thousand dollars, the department may not bring an action in tax court unless the department determines that the decision of the board involves an issue of substantial significance to the state. A taxpayer aggrieved by a determination of the department that an issue is of substantial significance to the state may file a motion with the tax court to dismiss the action brought by the department on the grounds that the determination constitutes an abuse of discretion.
- C. Except in the case of individual income tax cases in which the amount in dispute is less than five thousand dollars, a person who is aggrieved by a final decision or order of the department under section 42-1251, 42-5032.02 OR 42-5032.03 or article 3 of this chapter $\frac{may}{may}$, in lieu of appealing to the state board of tax appeals under section 42-1253, MAY bring an action in tax court by filing a notice of appeal in writing within thirty days after the decision or order from which the appeal is taken has become final.
- D. Any appeal that is taken to tax court pursuant to this section is subject to the following provisions:
- 1. No injunction, writ of mandamus or other legal or equitable process may issue in an action in any court in this state against an officer of this state to prevent or enjoin the collection of any tax, penalty or interest.
- 2. The action shall not begin more than thirty days after the order or decision of the board or department becomes final. Failure to bring the action within thirty days after the order or decision of the board or department becomes final constitutes a waiver of the protest and a waiver of all claims against this state arising from or based on the illegality in the tax, penalties and interest at issue, except that within the time limits set forth in section 42-1106, a taxpayer who fails to bring an action within thirty days may pay the tax under protest stating the grounds of objection to the legality of the tax and then file a claim for refund of the taxes paid. The refund claim shall then be governed by section 42-1119 and this section.
- 3. The tax court shall hear and determine the appeal as a trial de novo.
- 4. Either party to such action may appeal to the court of appeals or supreme court as provided by law.
- 5. If a final judgment is rendered in favor of the taxpayer in the action, the amount or such portion of the judgment as may be necessary shall first be credited to any taxes, penalties and interest due from the plaintiff taxpayer, and the amount of the balance remaining due the taxpayer shall be certified by the department of revenue to the department of administration, with a certified copy of the final judgment and a claim for refund authenticated by the department of revenue. On receipt, the department of administration shall draw a warrant payable to the taxpayer in an amount equal to the amount of the tax found by the judgment to be illegal, less the

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amount of any taxes, penalties and interest due from the taxpayer. The department of administration shall draw a separate warrant payable to the taxpayer in an amount equal to the interest and other costs recovered against the department of revenue by the judgment, which shall be paid from the appropriate tax account.

Sec. 3. Section 42-5001, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5001. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article and article 2 of this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Business" includes all activities or acts, personal or corporate, engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly, but not casual activities or sales.
- 2. "Distribution base" means the portion of the revenues derived from the tax levied by this article and articles 5, 8 and 9 of this chapter designated for distribution to counties, municipalities and other purposes according to section 42-5029, subsection D.
- 3. "Engaging", when used with reference to engaging or continuing in business, includes the exercise of corporate or franchise powers.
- 4. "Gross income" means the gross receipts of a taxpayer derived from trade, business, commerce or sales and the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible personal property or service, or both, and without any deduction on account of losses.
- 5. "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible personal property without any deduction on account of the cost of property sold, expense of any kind or losses, but cash discounts allowed and taken on sales are not included as gross income.
- 6. "Gross income" and "gross proceeds of sales" do not include goods, wares or merchandise, or value thereof, returned by customers if the sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit, nor the value of merchandise traded in on the purchase of new merchandise when the trade-in allowance is deducted from the sales price of the new merchandise before completion of the sale.
- 7. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of the sale, lease or rental price, as the case may be, of the retail sales of retailers, including any services that are a part of the sales, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including all receipts, cash, credits and property of every kind or nature, and any amount for which credit is allowed by the seller to the purchaser without any deduction from the amount on account of the cost of the property sold, materials used, labor or service performed, interest paid, losses or any other expense. Gross receipts do not include cash discounts allowed and taken nor the sale price of property returned by customers if the full sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit.
- 8. "Person" or "company" includes an individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, estate or trust, this state, any county, city, town, district, other than a school district, or other

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political subdivision and any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number.

- 9. "Qualifying community health center":
- (a) Means an entity that is recognized as nonprofit under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code, that is a community-based, primary care clinic that has a community-based board of directors and that is either:
 - (i) The sole provider of primary care in the community.
- (ii) A nonhospital affiliated clinic that is located in a federally designated medically underserved area in this state.
- (b) Includes clinics that are being constructed as qualifying community health centers.
- 10. "Qualifying health care organization" means an entity that is recognized as nonprofit under section 501(c) of the United States internal revenue code and that uses, saves or invests at least eighty per cent of all monies that it receives from all sources each year only for health and medical related educational and charitable services, as documented by annual financial audits prepared by an independent certified public accountant, performed according to generally accepted accounting standards and filed annually with the department. Monies that are used, saved or invested to lease, purchase or construct a facility for health and medical related education and charitable services are included in the eighty per cent requirement.
 - 11. "Qualifying hospital" means any of the following:
- (a) A licensed hospital which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- (b) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is not used or held for profit.
- (c) A hospital, nursing care institution or residential care institution which is operated by the federal government, this state or a political subdivision of this state.
- (d) A facility that is under construction and that on completion will be a facility under subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this paragraph.
- 12. "Retailer" includes every person engaged in the business classified under the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061 and, when in the opinion of the department it is necessary for the efficient administration of this article, includes dealers, distributors, supervisors, employers and salesmen, representatives, peddlers or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, whether in

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making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers.

- 13. "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange, barter, lease or rental, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatever, including consignment transactions and auctions, of tangible personal property or other activities taxable under this chapter, for a consideration, and includes:
- (a) Any transaction by which the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for the payment of the price.
- (b) Fabricating tangible personal property for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the fabrication work.
- (c) Furnishing, preparing or serving for a consideration any tangible personal property consumed on the premises of the person furnishing, preparing or serving the tangible personal property.
- 14. "Solar daylighting" means a device that is specifically designed to capture and redirect the visible portion of the solar beam, while controlling the infrared portion, for use in illuminating interior building spaces in lieu of artificial lighting.
- 15. "Solar energy device" means a system or series of mechanisms designed primarily to provide heating, to provide cooling, to produce electrical power, to produce mechanical power, to provide solar daylighting or to provide any combination of the foregoing by means of collecting and transferring solar generated energy into such uses either by active or passive means, including wind generator systems that produce electricity. Solar energy systems may also have the capability of storing solar energy for future use. Passive systems shall clearly be designed as a solar energy device, such as a trombe wall, and not merely as a part of a normal structure, such as a window.
- 16. "Tangible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, felt or touched or is in any other manner perceptible to the senses.
- 17. "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the calendar year or the taxpayer's fiscal year, if permission is obtained from the department to use a fiscal year as the tax period instead of the calendar year.
- 18. "Taxpayer" means any person who is liable for any tax which is imposed by this article.
- 19. "TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY" MEANS THE PERIOD BEGINNING AT 12:01 A.M. ON THE FIRST FRIDAY IN AUGUST AND ENDING AT MIDNIGHT ON THE FOLLOWING SUNDAY EACH YEAR.
- 19. 20. "Wholesaler" or "jobber" means any person who sells tangible personal property for resale and not for consumption by the purchaser.

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- Sec. 4. Section 42-5029, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5029. Remission and distribution of monies: definition
- A. The department shall deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, all revenues collected under this article and articles 4, 5, 8 and 9 of this chapter pursuant to section 42-1116, separately accounting for:
 - 1. Payments of estimated tax under section 42-5014, subsection D.
 - 2. Revenues collected pursuant to section 42-5070.
- 3. Revenues collected under this article and article 5 of this chapter from and after June 30, 2000 from sources located on Indian reservations in this state.
- 4. Revenues collected pursuant to section 42-5010, subsection G and section 42-5155, subsection D.
- B. The department shall credit payments of estimated tax to an estimated tax clearing account and each month shall transfer all monies in the estimated tax clearing account to a fund designated as the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account. The department shall credit all other payments to the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account, separately accounting for the monies designated as distribution base under sections 42-5010, 42-5164, 42-5205, 42-5353 and 42-5409. Each month the department shall report to the state treasurer the amount of monies collected pursuant to this article and articles 4, 5, 8 and 9 of this chapter.
- C. On notification by the department, the state treasurer shall distribute the monies deposited in the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account in the manner prescribed by this section and by sections 42-5164, 42-5205, 42-5353 and 42-5409, after deducting warrants drawn against the account pursuant to sections 42-1118 and 42-1254.
 - D. Of the monies designated as distribution base the department shall:
- 1. Pay twenty-five per cent to the various incorporated municipalities in this state in proportion to their population to be used by the municipalities for any municipal purpose.
- 2. Pay 38.08 per cent to the counties in this state by averaging the following proportions:
- (a) The proportion that the population of each county bears to the total state population.
- (b) The proportion that the distribution base monies collected during the calendar month in each county under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B, section 42-5205, subsection B and sections 42-5353 and 42-5409 bear to the total distribution base monies collected under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B, section 42-5205, subsection B and sections 42-5353 and 42-5409 throughout the state for the calendar month.
- 3. Pay an additional 2.43 per cent to the counties in this state as follows:
 - (a) Average the following proportions:

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- (i) The proportion that the assessed valuation used to determine secondary property taxes of each county, after deducting that part of the assessed valuation that is exempt from taxation at the beginning of the month for which the amount is to be paid, bears to the total assessed valuations used to determine secondary property taxes of all the counties after deducting that portion of the assessed valuations that is exempt from taxation at the beginning of the month for which the amount is to be paid. Property of a city or town that is not within or contiguous to the municipal corporate boundaries and from which water is or may be withdrawn or diverted and transported for use on other property is considered to be taxable property in the county for purposes of determining assessed valuation in the county under this item.
- (ii) The proportion that the distribution base monies collected during the calendar month in each county under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B, section 42-5205, subsection B and sections 42-5353 and 42-5409 bear to the total distribution base monies collected under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B, section 42-5205, subsection B and sections 42-5353 and 42-5409 throughout the state for the calendar month.
- (b) If the proportion computed under subdivision (a) of this paragraph for any county is greater than the proportion computed under paragraph 2 of this subsection, the department shall compute the difference between the amount distributed to that county under paragraph 2 of this subsection and the amount that would have been distributed under paragraph 2 of this subsection using the proportion computed under subdivision (a) of this paragraph and shall pay that difference to the county from the amount available for distribution under this paragraph. Any monies remaining after all payments under this subdivision shall be distributed among the counties according to the proportions computed under paragraph 2 of this subsection.
- 4. After any distributions required by sections 42-5030, 42-5030.01, 42-5031, 42-5032, and 42-5032.01, 42-5032.02 AND 42-5032.03, and after making any transfer to the water quality assurance revolving fund as required by section 49-282, subsection B, credit the remainder of the monies designated as distribution base to the state general fund. From this amount:
 - (a) The legislature shall annually appropriate to:
- (i) The department of revenue sufficient monies to administer and enforce this article and articles 5, 8 and 9 of this chapter.
- (ii) The department of economic security monies to be used for the purposes stated in title 46, chapter 1.
- (iii) The Arizona arts endowment fund established by section 41-986, the full amount by which revenues derived from the amusement classification pursuant to section 42-5073 for the current fiscal year exceed the revenues that were derived from that classification in fiscal year 1993-1994, except that this amount shall not exceed two million dollars through fiscal year 2008-2009.

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- (iv) The firearms safety and ranges fund established by section 17-273, fifty thousand dollars derived from the taxes collected from the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061 for the current fiscal year.
- (b) The state treasurer shall transfer to the tourism fund an amount equal to the sum of the following:
- (i) Three and one-half per cent of the gross revenues derived from the transient lodging classification pursuant to section 42-5070 during the preceding fiscal year.
- (ii) Three per cent of the gross revenues derived from the amusement classification pursuant to section 42-5073 during the preceding fiscal year.
- (iii) Two per cent of the gross revenues derived from the restaurant classification pursuant to section 42-5074 during the preceding fiscal year.
- E. If approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, all monies collected pursuant to section 42-5010, subsection G and section 42-5155, subsection D shall be distributed each fiscal year pursuant to this subsection. The monies distributed pursuant to this subsection are in addition to any other appropriation, transfer or other allocation of public or private monies from any other source and shall not supplant, replace or cause a reduction in other school district, charter school, university or community college funding sources. The monies shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. If there are outstanding state school facilities revenue bonds pursuant to title 15, chapter 16, article 7, each month one-twelfth of the amount that is necessary to pay the fiscal year's debt service on outstanding state school improvement revenue bonds for the current fiscal year shall be transferred each month to the school improvement revenue bond debt service fund established by section 15-2084. The total amount of bonds for which these monies may be allocated for the payment of debt service shall not exceed a principal amount of eight hundred million dollars exclusive of refunding bonds and other refinancing obligations.
- 2. After any transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, twelve per cent of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the technology and research initiative fund established by section 15-1648 to be distributed among the universities for the purpose of investment in technology and research-based initiatives.
- 3. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, three per cent of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the workforce development account established in each community college district pursuant to section 15-1472 for the purpose of investment in workforce development programs.
- 4. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of the amount a community college that is owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe on its own Indian

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reservation would receive pursuant to section 15-1472, subsection D, paragraph 2 if it were a community college district shall be distributed each month to the treasurer or other designated depository of a qualifying Indian tribe. Monies distributed pursuant to this paragraph are for the exclusive purpose of providing support to one or more community colleges owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe and shall be used in a manner consistent with section 15-1472, subsection B. For purposes of this paragraph, "qualifying Indian tribe" has the same meaning as defined in section 42-5031.01, subsection D.

- 5. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of the following amounts shall be transferred each month to the department of education for the increased cost of basic state aid under section 15-971 due to added school days and associated teacher salary increases enacted in 2000:
 - (a) In fiscal year 2001-2002, \$15,305,900.
 - (b) In fiscal year 2002-2003, \$31,530,100.
 - (c) In fiscal year 2003-2004, \$48,727,700.
 - (d) In fiscal year 2004-2005, \$66,957,200.
- (e) In fiscal year 2005-2006 and each fiscal year thereafter, \$86,280,500.
- 6. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, seven million eight hundred thousand dollars is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used for school safety as provided in section 15-154 and two hundred thousand dollars is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments to the department of education to be used for the character education matching grant program as provided in section 15-154.01.
- 7. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, no more than seven million dollars may be appropriated by the legislature each fiscal year to the department of education to be used for accountability purposes as described in section 15-241 and title 15, chapter 9, article 8.
- 8. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one million five hundred thousand dollars is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the failing schools tutoring fund established by section 15-241.
- 9. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, twenty-five million dollars shall be transferred each fiscal year to the state general fund to reimburse the general fund for the cost of the income tax credit allowed by section 43-1072.01.
- 10. After the payment of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 9 of this subsection, the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the classroom site fund established by section 15-977. The monies shall be allocated as follows in the manner prescribed by section 15-977:

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- (a) Forty per cent shall be allocated for teacher compensation based on performance.
- (b) Twenty per cent shall be allocated for increases in teacher base compensation and employee related expenses.
- (c) Forty per cent shall be allocated for maintenance and operation purposes.
- F. The department shall credit the remainder of the monies in the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account to the state general fund, subject to any distribution required by section 42-5030.01.
- Notwithstanding subsection D of this section, if a court of competent jurisdiction finally determines that tax monies distributed under this section were illegally collected under this article or articles 5, 8 and 9 of this chapter and orders the monies to be refunded to the taxpayer, the department shall compute the amount of such monies that was distributed to each city, town and county under this section. The department shall notify the state treasurer of that amount plus the proportionate share of additional allocated costs required to be paid to the taxpayer. Each city's, town's and county's proportionate share of the costs shall be based on the amount of the original tax payment each municipality and county received. Each month the state treasurer shall reduce the amount otherwise distributable to the city, town and county under this section by one thirty-sixth of the total amount to be recovered from the city, town or county until the total amount has been recovered, but the monthly reduction for any city, town or county shall not exceed ten per cent of the full monthly distribution to that entity. The reduction shall begin for the first calendar month after the final disposition of the case and shall continue until the total amount, including interest and costs, has been recovered.
- H. On receiving a certificate of default from the greater Arizona development authority pursuant to section 41-1554.06 or 41-1554.07 and to the extent not otherwise expressly prohibited by law, the state treasurer shall withhold from the next succeeding distribution of monies pursuant to this section due to the defaulting political subdivision the amount specified in the certificate of default and immediately deposit the amount withheld in the greater Arizona development authority revolving fund. The state treasurer shall continue to withhold and deposit the monies until the greater Arizona development authority certifies to the state treasurer that the default has been cured. In no event may the state treasurer withhold any amount that the defaulting political subdivision certifies to the state treasurer and the authority as being necessary to make any required deposits then due for the payment of principal and interest on bonds of the political subdivision that were issued before the date of the loan repayment agreement or bonds and that have been secured by a pledge of distributions made pursuant to this section.
- I. Except as provided by sections 42-5033 and 42-5033.01, the population of a county, city or town as determined by the most recent United States decennial census plus any revisions to the decennial census certified

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by the United States bureau of the census shall be used as the basis for apportioning monies pursuant to subsection D of this section.

J. For the purposes of this section, "community college district" means a community college district THAT IS established pursuant to sections 15–1402 and 15–1403 AND that is a political subdivision of this state.

Sec. 5. Title 42, chapter 5, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding sections 42-5015, 42-5032.02 and 42-5032.03, to read:

42-5015. Retailers required to participate in transaction privilege and use tax holiday; records requirements

A. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY GENERAL OR SPECIAL LAW TO THE CONTRARY, DURING A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY, A RETAILER IN THIS STATE OR A RETAILER OUTSIDE THIS STATE MAKING SALES INTO THIS STATE SHALL NOT ADD TO THE SALES PRICE OR COLLECT FROM ANY PURCHASER AN AMOUNT TO COVER OR DESIGNATED AS EXCISE TAX OR USE TAX ON SALES AT RETAIL OF THE TYPES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-5061, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 54 AND SECTION 42-5159, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 49. ANY AMOUNTS ERRONEOUSLY OR IMPROPERLY COLLECTED AS TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX OR USE TAX DURING A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY MUST BE REMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT.

B. THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR RETAILERS OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY BY LAW OR BY ADMINISTRATIVE RULE, INCLUDING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR FILING RETURNS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 42-5014 AND 42-5162, REMAIN IN EFFECT WITH RESPECT TO SALES DURING TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAYS. RETAILERS MUST MAINTAIN ACCURATE, VERIFIABLE AND COMPLETE RECORDS OF ALL PURCHASES AND SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY IN ORDER TO VERIFY EXEMPTIONS FROM TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER. A RETAILER MAY USE ANY METHOD OF RECORDING THAT PROPERLY REFLECTS ALL PURCHASES AND SALES OF ITEMS THAT QUALIFY FOR DEDUCTIONS AND EXEMPTIONS FROM THE COMPUTATION OF TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER, AS WELL AS PURCHASES AND SALES OF ITEMS SUBJECT TO TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS CHAPTER, IF THE RECORDS ARE MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

42-5032.02. <u>Distribution of transaction privilege and use tax</u> holiday revenue to program cities and towns

A. ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31 OF EACH YEAR IN WHICH A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY OCCURS, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL PAY FROM THE AMOUNT DESIGNATED AS DISTRIBUTION BASE PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5029, SUBSECTION D, THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION TO THE CITIES AND TOWNS THAT HAVE ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6001.

B. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE THE AMOUNTS PAYABLE UNDER THIS SECTION AND NOTIFY EACH CITY OR TOWN OF THE AMOUNT PAYABLE BY CERTIFIED MAIL. THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID IS THE AMOUNT OF MUNICIPAL PRIVILEGE AND USE TAXES THAT OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE BEEN COLLECTED, EXCEPT FOR THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6004, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 10 DURING THE CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR, BY EACH CITY AND TOWN THAT HAS ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6001. THE CITY OR TOWN MUST

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SUPPLY ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT THAT IS NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER THIS SECTION.

- C. IF WITHIN FOUR YEARS AFTER A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THE AMOUNT DETERMINED AND PAID UNDER SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO THAT PERIOD WAS INCORRECT:
- 1. DISTRIBUTIONS THAT ARE OTHERWISE PAYABLE TO THE CITY OR TOWN UNDER SECTION 42-5029, SUBSECTION C SHALL BE REDUCED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO ANY EXCESS AMOUNT PAID TO THE CITY OR TOWN.
- 2. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL PAY AN ADDITIONAL AMOUNT TO THE CITY OR TOWN EQUAL TO ANY DEFICIENCY.
- D. A CITY OR TOWN MAY PROTEST THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION B OR C OF THIS SECTION BY FILING A PETITION WITH THE DEPARTMENT STATING THE REASONS WHY A HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION SHOULD BE GRANTED AND THE AMOUNT THE CITY OR TOWN BELIEVES SHOULD BE PAID. IF THE CITY OR TOWN FAILS TO FILE A PETITION FOR HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, THE AMOUNT SET FORTH IN THE NOTICE BECOMES FINAL. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER EACH PETITION FOR A HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION AND GRANT A HEARING, IF REQUESTED. AN ORDER OR DECISION OF THE DEPARTMENT AFTER CONSIDERING A PETITION FOR A HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION BECOMES FINAL THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIES THE PETITIONER, UNLESS THE PETITIONER APPEALS THE ORDER OR DECISION TO THE STATE BOARD OF TAX APPEALS.

42-5032.03. <u>Distribution of transaction privilege and use tax</u> holiday revenue to nonprogram cities and towns

- A. ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31 OF EACH YEAR IN WHICH A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY OCCURS, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL PAY FROM THE AMOUNT DESIGNATED AS DISTRIBUTION BASE PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5029, SUBSECTION D, THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION TO THE CITIES AND TOWNS THAT HAVE NOT ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6001.
- B. THE AMOUNT TO BE PAID IS THE AMOUNT OF MUNICIPAL PRIVILEGE AND USE TAXES THAT OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE BEEN COLLECTED, EXCEPT FOR THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6004, SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 10 DURING THE CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR, BY EACH CITY AND TOWN THAT HAS NOT ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6001. THE CITY OR TOWN MUST SUPPLY ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT THAT IS NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER THIS SECTION.
- C. TO RECEIVE A PAYMENT UNDER THIS SECTION, A CITY OR TOWN MUST SUBMIT A DETAILED CLAIM TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE AMOUNT OF MUNICIPAL TAX THAT OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE BEEN COLLECTED. A FAILURE TO SUBMIT A CLAIM BY 5:00 P.M. ON THE THIRD WEDNESDAY IN NOVEMBER CONSTITUTES A WAIVER AND ABANDONMENT OF THE CLAIM WITH RESPECT TO THE PRECEDING TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY.
- D. THE DEPARTMENT MAY ACCEPT OR DENY ALL OR PART OF A CLAIM. BEFORE ACCEPTING OR DENYING A CLAIM, THE DEPARTMENT MAY CONDUCT AN AUDIT OF THE

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CLAIM. IF THE DEPARTMENT CONDUCTS AN AUDIT, THE DEPARTMENT MUST ATTEMPT TO CONCLUDE THE AUDIT WITHIN NINETY DAYS AND ISSUE A DETERMINATION BASED ON THE AUDIT ACCEPTING OR DENYING ALL OR PART THE CLAIM. IF THE DEPARTMENT DENIES ALL OR PART OF THE CLAIM, THE DEPARTMENT MUST NOTIFY THE CITY OR TOWN BY CERTIFIED MAIL, INCLUDING THE REASONS FOR DENIAL AND SETTING FORTH THE ACCEPTED AMOUNT OF THE CLAIM.

- E. IF THE DEPARTMENT ACCEPTS ALL OR PART OF A CLAIM BEFORE AN AUDIT, THE DEPARTMENT MAY LATER AUDIT THE CITY OR TOWN WITHIN FOUR YEARS AFTER THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY. IF THE DEPARTMENT CONDUCTS AN AUDIT, THE DEPARTMENT MUST ISSUE AND MAIL A DETERMINATION OF THE AUDIT TO THE CITY OR TOWN BY CERTIFIED MAIL. THE DETERMINATION MAY FIND THAT THE CLAIM WAS APPROPRIATE, THAT AN ADDITIONAL AMOUNT IS OWED TO THE CITY OR TOWN OR THAT THE CITY'S OR TOWN'S CLAIM SHOULD BE REDUCED.
- F. IF WITHIN FOUR YEARS AFTER A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THE AMOUNT DETERMINED AND PAID UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO THAT PERIOD WAS INCORRECT:
- 1. DISTRIBUTIONS THAT ARE OTHERWISE PAYABLE TO THE CITY OR TOWN UNDER SECTION 42-5029, SUBSECTION C SHALL BE REDUCED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO ANY EXCESS AMOUNT PAID TO THE CITY OR TOWN.
- 2. THE STATE TREASURER SHALL PAY AN ADDITIONAL AMOUNT TO THE CITY OR TOWN EQUAL TO ANY DEFICIENCY.
- G. A CITY OR TOWN MAY PROTEST A DENIAL OF A CLAIM UNDER SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION OR THE AMOUNT DETERMINED UNDER SUBSECTION E OR F OF THIS SECTION BY FILING A PETITION WITH THE DEPARTMENT STATING THE REASONS WHY A HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION SHOULD BE GRANTED AND THE AMOUNT THE CITY OR TOWN BELIEVES SHOULD BE PAID. IF THE CITY OR TOWN FAILS TO FILE A PETITION FOR HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE OF DENIAL OR DETERMINATION OF AN AUDIT, THE DETERMINATION OR DENIAL BECOMES FINAL. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER EACH PETITION AND GRANT A HEARING, IF REQUESTED. AN ORDER OR DECISION OF THE DEPARTMENT AFTER CONSIDERING A PETITION FOR A HEARING, CORRECTION OR REDETERMINATION BECOMES FINAL THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIES THE PETITIONER, UNLESS THE PETITIONER APPEALS THE ORDER OR DECISION TO THE STATE BOARD OF TAX APPEALS.
- H. IN THE CASE OF A PROTEST OR AN AUDIT AND THE ISSUANCE OF A DETERMINATION BY THE DEPARTMENT, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL NOT PAY THE CITY'S OR TOWN'S CLAIM UNTIL THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE MATTER IS FINALIZED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION OR PURSUANT TO APPEAL UNDER CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 6 OF THIS TITLE.
 - Sec. 6. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5061. Retail classification; definitions
- A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

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- 1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses which involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as inconsequential elements.
- 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal property at retail.
- 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.
- 4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.
- 6. Business activity which is properly included in any other business classification which is taxable under article 1 of this chapter.
 - 7. The sale of stocks and bonds.
- 8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.
- 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 prescribed or recommended by a health professional licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.
 - 10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 - 11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.
 - 12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
- 13. Durable medical equipment which has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.
- 14. Sales to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the tangible personal property out of this state
- 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of this chapter and section 42-5074.
- 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786).

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- 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state university or community college.
- 18. Food and drink to a person who is engaged in business which is classified under the restaurant classification and which provides such food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.
- 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property to a school district if such articles and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the district during school hours.
- 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5, article 1.
- 21. The sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money which are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and which have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.
- (b) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, which has been smelted or refined so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.
- 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel which are subject to a tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel which are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel which are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.
- 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.
- 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the Constitution of the United States or the constitution of this state.
 - 25. Tangible personal property sold to:
 - (a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.
- (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.
- (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind,

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visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

- (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.
- (e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.
- 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this state to encourage tourist travel.
- 27. Tangible personal property sold to a person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of being engaged in business classified under the prime contracting classification under section 42-5075, or to a subcontractor working under the control of a prime contractor that is subject to tax under article 1 of this chapter, if the property so sold is any of the following:
- (a) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the business.
- (b) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- (c) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any lake facility development in a commercial enhancement reuse district under conditions prescribed for the deduction allowed by section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 8.
 - 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to:
- (a) A nonresident of this state if the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.
- (b) An enrolled member of an Indian tribe who resides on the Indian reservation established for that tribe.
- 29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for mentally or physically handicapped persons if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

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- 30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.
- 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 33. Sales of seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material to persons who use those items to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.
- 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.
- 35. Sales of tangible personal property that is shipped or delivered directly to a destination outside the United States for use in that foreign country.
- 36. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- 37. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper manufacturing.
- 38. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

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- 39. Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.
- 40. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or upon the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.
- (b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained to conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.
- 41. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.
- 42. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.
- 43. Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
- 44. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are

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engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

- 45. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes or its free on board point.
- 46. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, which are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.
- . Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.
- 48. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:
 - (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.
 - (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.
- 49. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- 50. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.
- 51. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.
- 52. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- . Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

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- 54. SALES OF THE FOLLOWING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY DURING A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY, SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS, LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION V OF THIS SECTION:
- (a) AN ARTICLE OF CLOTHING OR FOOTWEAR DESIGNED TO BE WORN ON OR ABOUT THE HUMAN BODY IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE ARTICLE IS LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
 - (i) SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT AND PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.
 - (ii) CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT.
 - (iii) THE RENTAL OF CLOTHING.
- (b) A COMPUTER, IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE COMPUTER IS LESS THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- (c) SCHOOL SUPPLIES THAT ARE ITEMS NORMALLY USED BY STUDENTS IN A STANDARD CLASSROOM FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES IF THE SALES PRICE OF EACH ITEM IS LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS.
- B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property shall be deducted from the tax base:
- 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, smelting and refining.
- 2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.
- 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are components of carrier systems.
- 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.
- 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

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- 6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.
- 7. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other accessories and related equipment sold to:
- (a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (b) Any foreign government for use by such government outside of this state.
- (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.
- 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 9. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property.
- 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes.
- 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.
 - 12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.
- 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

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- (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment which have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do not total two years or more.
- (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that are electric-powered.
- 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities or technical services.
- 15. Machinery and equipment that are purchased by or on behalf of the owners of a soundstage complex and primarily used for motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production in the complex. This paragraph applies only if the initial construction of the soundstage complex begins after June 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2002 and the machinery and equipment are purchased before the expiration of five years after the start of initial construction. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production" includes products for theatrical and television release, educational presentations, electronic retailing, documentaries, music videos, industrial films, CD-ROM, video game production, commercial advertising and television episode production and other genres that are introduced through developing technology.
- (b) "Soundstage complex" means a facility of multiple stages including production offices, construction shops and related areas, prop and costume shops, storage areas, parking for production vehicles and areas that are leased to businesses that complement the production needs and orientation of the overall facility.
- 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or transmit telecommunications information:
- (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 100.
- (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on

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behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 100.

(ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.

For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.

- 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:
- (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment.
- (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable component of the building that houses the clean room environment.
- 18. Machinery and equipment used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.
- 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution.
- 20. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state

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and that are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

- 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:
- (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or equipment described in this paragraph.
- (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.
- (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, whichever occurs first.
- 22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2014 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for harvesting or the initial processing of qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must present its certification approved by the department.
- 23. Machinery, equipment and other tangible personal property used directly in motion picture production by a motion picture production company. To qualify for this deduction, at the time of purchase, the motion picture production company must present to the retailer its certificate that is issued pursuant to section 42-5009, subsection H and that establishes its qualification for the deduction.
- C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not include sales of:
- 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.
 - 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.
 - 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.
- 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.
- 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.
- 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

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- 7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.
- D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.
- E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4051.
- F. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the sale of use fuel, as defined in section 28-5601, does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4091.
- G. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.
- H. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.
- I. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to businesses classified under the:
 - 1. Transporting classification.
 - 2. Utilities classification.
 - 3. Telecommunications classification.
 - 4. Pipeline classification.
 - 5. Private car line classification.
 - 6. Publication classification.
 - 7. Job printing classification.
 - 8. Prime contracting classification.

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- 9. Owner builder sales classification.
- 10. Restaurant classification.
- J. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:
- 1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
- 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
- 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.
- 4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- K. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty per cent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies, which is not deducted under subsection J of this section.
- L. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection J or K of this section to file on forms prescribed by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.
- M. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include:
- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
- N. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices, but the deduction shall not exceed five thousand dollars for each solar energy device. Before deducting any amount under this subsection, the retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.
- O. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable

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under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.

- P. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of business.
- Q. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.
- R. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a pipeline by a person engaged in the business of operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.
- S. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest which the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.
- T. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:
- 1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.
- 2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents.
- U. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is

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lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the motor vehicle.

- V. FOR THE PURPOSES OF ADMINISTERING THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 54 OF THIS SECTION:
- 1. THE GROSS PROCEEDS OR GROSS INCOME FROM RENTAL OF CLOTHING OR FOOTWEAR, COMPUTERS AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES DO NOT QUALIFY FOR THE DEDUCTION. SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 54 OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO RENTAL OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.
- 2. THE DEDUCTION UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 54 OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO TRANSACTIONS AT A THEME PARK, ENTERTAINMENT COMPLEX, SPORTS ARENA, STADIUM, GOLF COURSE, HEALTH CLUB, ZOO, MOTION PICTURE THEATER OR OTHER SPECTATOR ENTERTAINMENT VENUE, TRANSIENT LODGING ESTABLISHMENT, RESTAURANT OR AIRPORT.
 - 3. THE TIME ZONE OF THE RETAILER'S LOCATION DETERMINES:
- (a) THE AUTHORIZED TIME PERIOD FOR A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY.
- (b) THE AUTHORIZED TIME PERIOD IF THE RETAILER AND PURCHASER ARE LOCATED IN DIFFERENT TIME ZONES.
- 4. "CLOTHING" MEANS ALL HUMAN WEARING APPAREL SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. CLOTHING DOES NOT INCLUDE BELT BUCKLES SOLD SEPARATELY, COSTUME MASKS SOLD SEPARATELY, PATCHES AND EMBLEMS SOLD SEPARATELY, SEWING EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES, INCLUDING KNITTING NEEDLES, PATTERNS, PINS, SCISSORS, SEWING MACHINES, SEWING NEEDLES, TAPE MEASURES AND THIMBLES, AND SEWING MATERIALS THAT BECOME PART OF CLOTHING, INCLUDING BUTTONS, FABRIC, LACE, THREAD, YARN AND ZIPPERS.
- 5. "CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT" MEANS INCIDENTAL ITEMS WORN ON THE PERSON OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH CLOTHING, WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE ITEM IS WORN ON THE BODY IN A MANNER THAT IS CHARACTERISTIC OF CLOTHING. CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BRIEFCASES, PURSES, LUGGAGE, COSMETICS, HAIR NOTIONS, INCLUDING BARRETTES, HAIR BOWS AND HAIR NETS, HANDBAGS, HANDKERCHIEFS, JEWELRY, SUNGLASSES, UMBRELLAS, WALLETS, WATCHES, WIGS AND HAIRPIECES.
- 6. "COMPUTER" MEANS A LAPTOP, DESKTOP, NOTEBOOK OR TOWER COMPUTER SYSTEM THAT CONSISTS OF A CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT, RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY, A STORAGE DRIVE, A DISPLAY MONITOR AND A KEYBOARD AND DEVICES DESIGNED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A PERSONAL COMPUTER, SUCH AS A DISK DRIVE, MEMORY MODULE, COMPACT DISK DRIVE, DAUGHTERBOARD, DIGITALIZER, MICROPHONE, MODEM, MOTHERBOARD, MOUSE, MULTIMEDIA SPEAKER, PRINTER, SCANNER, SINGLE-USER HARDWARE, SINGLE-USER OPERATING SYSTEM, SOUNDCARD OR VIDEO CARD. COMPUTER DOES NOT MEAN MAINFRAME COMPUTERS, NETWORK HARDWARE, OPERATING SYSTEMS AND

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SOFTWARE, MINICOMPUTERS, HAND-HELD COMPUTERS, PERSONAL DIGITAL ASSISTANTS WITHOUT INTERNET ACCESS, HARDWARE WORD PROCESSORS, GRAPHICAL CALCULATORS, VIDEO GAME CONSOLES, GAME CONTROLLERS, TELEPHONES, DIGITAL CAMERAS, PAGERS, COMPACT DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES, DIGITAL VERSATILE DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES AND SURGE PROTECTION OR UNINTERRUPTED POWER SUPPLY DEVICES.

- 7. "FOOTWEAR" MEANS SHOES, BOOTS, SLIPPERS, SANDALS, FLIP FLOPS AND TENNIS SHOES THAT ARE MEANT TO BE WORN BY HUMANS ON THEIR FEET.
- 8. "PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT" MEANS ITEMS FOR HUMAN WEAR AND DESIGNED AS PROTECTION FOR THE WEARER AGAINST INJURY OR DISEASE OR AS PROTECTION AGAINST DAMAGE OR INJURY OF OTHER PERSONS OR PROPERTY BUT NOT SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BREATHING MASKS, CLEAN ROOM APPAREL AND EQUIPMENT, EAR AND HEARING PROTECTORS, FACE SHIELDS, HARD HATS, HELMETS, PAINT OR DUST RESPIRATORS, PROTECTIVE GLOVES, SAFETY GLASSES, GOGGLES, SAFETY BELTS, TOOL BELTS AND WELDER'S GLOVES AND MASKS.
- 9. "SCHOOL SUPPLIES" MEANS IMPLEMENTS AND MATERIALS USED BY TYPICAL STUDENTS OF A GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM. SCHOOL SUPPLIES:
- (a) INCLUDE NOTEBOOKS, PAPER, WRITING INSTRUMENTS, CRAYONS, ART SUPPLIES, PAPER CLIPS, STAPLES, STAPLERS, SCISSORS, RULERS, BOOK BAGS, BACKPACKS, HANDHELD CALCULATORS, MAPS AND GLOBES VALUED AT LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER UNIT.
- (b) DO NOT INCLUDE TOOLS, SUCH AS HAMMERS, SAWS, SCREWDRIVERS, WRENCHES, POWER TOOLS, DRILLS, PNEUMATIC TOOLS AND PLUMBING TOOLS.
- 10. "SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT" MEANS ITEMS DESIGNED FOR HUMAN USE AND WORN IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN ATHLETIC OR RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY THAT ARE NOT SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BALLET AND TAP SHOES, CLEATED OR SPIKED ATHLETIC SHOES, GLOVES, INCLUDING BASEBALL, BOWLING, BOXING, HOCKEY AND GOLF GLOVES, GOGGLES, HAND AND ELBOW GUARDS, LIFE PRESERVERS AND VESTS, MOUTH GUARDS, ROLLER AND ICE SKATES, SHIN GUARDS, SHOULDER PADS, SKI BOOTS, WADERS, WETSUITS AND FINS.
 - ₩. For the purposes of this section:
 - 1. "Aircraft" includes:
- (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.
- (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.
- 3. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the

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definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.

 \forall . X. For the purposes of subsection J of this section:

- 1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or substance without changing or altering the component parts.
- 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in the fabrication, production or manufacture of products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.
- 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and which are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based upon generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.
- 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract.
 - Sec. 7. Section 42-5151, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5151. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Ancillary services" means those services so designated in federal energy regulatory commission order 888 adopted in 1996 that include the services necessary to support the transmission of electricity from resources to loads while maintaining reliable operation of the transmission system according to good utility practice.
- 2. "Electric distribution service" means distributing electricity to retail electric customers through the use of electric distribution facilities.
- 3. "Electric generation service" means providing electricity for sale to retail electric customers but excluding electric distribution or transmission services.

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- 4. "Electric transmission service" means transmitting electricity to retail electric customers or to electric distribution facilities so classified by the federal energy regulatory commission or, to the extent permitted by law, so classified by the Arizona corporation commission.
- 5. "Electric utility services" means the business of providing electric ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity.
- 6. "Electricity" means electric energy, electric capacity or electric capacity and energy.
- 7. "Electricity supplier" means a person, whether acting in a principal, agent or other capacity, that offers to sell electricity to a retail electric customer in this state.
- 8. "Natural gas" means natural or artificial gas, and includes methane and propane gas, the natural gas commodity, natural gas pipeline capacity or natural gas commodity and pipeline capacity.
- 9. "Natural gas utility services" means the business of selling natural gas or providing natural gas transportation services or other services related to providing natural gas.
- 10. "Notice" means written notice served personally or by certified mail and addressed to the last known address of the person to whom such notice is given.
- 11. "Other services" includes metering, meter reading services, billing and collecting services.
- 12. "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, receiver or syndicate, this state or a county, city, municipality, district or other political subdivision or agency thereof.
- 13. "Purchase" means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means, of tangible personal property for a consideration, including transactions by which the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for payment.
- 14. "Purchase price" or "sales price" means the total amount for which tangible personal property is sold, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the seller without any deduction on account of the cost of the property sold, materials used, labor or services performed, interest charged, losses or other expenses, but does not include:
 - (a) Discounts allowed and taken.
- (b) Charges for labor or services in installing, remodeling or repairing.
- (c) Freight costs billed to and collected from a purchaser by a retailer for tangible personal property which, on the order of the retailer, is shipped directly from a manufacturer or wholesaler to the purchaser.

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- (d) Amounts attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4001, 4051 or 4091 on sales of heavy trucks and trailers and automobiles or on sales of use fuel, as defined in section 28-5601.
- (e) The value of merchandise that is traded in on the purchase of new or pre-owned merchandise when the trade-in allowance is deducted from the sales price of the new or pre-owned merchandise before the completion of the sale.
- 15. "Retail electric customer" means a person who purchases electricity for that person's own use, including use in that person's trade or business, and not for resale, redistribution or retransmission.
- 16. "Retail natural gas customer" means a person who purchases natural gas for that person's own use, including use in that person's trade or business, and not for resale, redistribution or retransmission.
 - 17. "Retailer" includes:
- (a) Every person engaged in the business of making sales of tangible personal property for storage, use or other consumption or in the business of making sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by that person or others for storage, use or other consumption. If in the opinion of the department it is necessary for the efficient administration of this article to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of such dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers, the department may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers as retailers for purposes of this article.
- (b) A person who solicits orders for tangible personal property by mail if the solicitations are substantial and recurring or if the retailer benefits from any banking, financing, debt collection, telecommunication, television shopping system, cable, optic, microwave or other communication system or marketing activities occurring in this state or benefits from the location in this state of authorized installation, servicing or repair facilities.
- 18. "Storage" means keeping or retaining tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for any purpose except sale in the regular course of business or subsequent use solely outside this state.
- 19. "Taxpayer" means any retailer or person storing, using or consuming tangible personal property the storage, use or consumption of which is subject to the tax imposed by this article when such tax was not paid to a retailer.
- 20. "TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY" MEANS THE PERIOD BEGINNING AT 12:01 A.M. ON THE FIRST FRIDAY IN AUGUST AND ENDING AT MIDNIGHT ON THE FOLLOWING SUNDAY EACH YEAR.

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- 20. 21. "Use or consumption" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incidental to owning the property except holding for sale or selling the property in the regular course of business.
- 21. 22. "Utility business" means a person that is engaged in the business of providing electric utility services to retail electric customers or natural gas utility services to retail natural gas customers.
 - Sec. 8. Section 42-5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-5159. Exemptions
- A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, use or consumption in this state of the following described tangible personal property:
- 1. Tangible personal property sold in this state, the gross receipts from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax imposed by articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.
- 2. Tangible personal property the sale or use of which has already been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United States. If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less than the tax imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is reduced by the amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.
- 3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state from taxing or to the extent that the rate or imposition of tax is unconstitutional under the laws of the United States.
- 4. Tangible personal property which directly enters into and becomes an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or processed article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course of business.
- 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, use fuel which is sold to or used by a person holding a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, aviation fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.
- 6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an individual who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased for storage, use or consumption by the individual if the first actual use or consumption of the property was outside this state, unless the property is used in conducting a business in this state.
- 7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, or who are

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engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

- 8. Livestock, poultry, supplies, feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and feeding livestock or poultry, not including fertilizers, herbicides and insecticides. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
- 9. Seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material for use in commercially producing agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.
- 10. Tangible personal property not exceeding two hundred dollars in any one month purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits of the United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.
- 11. Advertising supplements which are intended for sale with newspapers published in this state and which have already been subjected to an excise tax under the laws of another state in the United States which equals or exceeds the tax imposed by this article.
- 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:
 - (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.
 - (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.
 - 13. Tangible personal property purchased by:
- (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of this state.
- (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is not used or held for profit.
- (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.
- (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind, visually impaired and multihandicapped children from the time of birth to age twenty-one.
- (f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for mentally or physically

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handicapped persons if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

- (g) A person that is subject to tax under article 1 of this chapter by reason of being engaged in business classified under the prime contracting classification under section 42-5075, or a subcontractor working under the control of a prime contractor, if the tangible personal property is any of the following:
- (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the contractor into a structure, project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.
- (ii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- (iii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any lake facility development in a commercial enhancement reuse district under conditions prescribed for the deduction allowed by section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 8.
- (h) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is purchased from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located outside this state.
- (i) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.
- (j) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- (k) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging classification if the property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, which are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.
- (1) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.
- 14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.
 - 15. Tangible personal property sold by:

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- (a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.
- 17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed or recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise professionally credentialed as a physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist.
 - 18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.
 - 19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 - 20. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
- 21. Durable medical equipment which has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.
- 22. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of this chapter and section 42-5074.
- 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture food stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786).
- 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer which is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.
- 25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a business subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.
- 26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property if they are to be prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school in a school district during school hours.

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- 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, chapter 5, article 1.
- 28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state university or community college.
- 29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by this state to encourage tourist travel.
- 30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper manufacturing.
- 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity purchased by a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41–1514.02 and directly used or consumed in the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for technology manufacturing, producing environmental or processing environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.
- 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor vehicle dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:
- (a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
 - (b) Public educational institutions.
- (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 33. Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person who is physically disabled as defined in section 46-191, has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.
- 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For

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the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

- 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.
- 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.
- 38. Tangible personal property which is or directly enters into and becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan identification cards.
- 39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and which are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based upon generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.
- (b) "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract.
- 40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.

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- 41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064.
- 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.
- 43. Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- 44. Alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.
- 45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the business of operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that pressurizes the pipeline.
- 46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or deductible from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.
- 47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- 48. Tangible personal property sold by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 49. THE FOLLOWING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED DURING A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY, SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS, LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION G OF THIS SECTION:
- (a) AN ARTICLE OF CLOTHING OR FOOTWEAR DESIGNED TO BE WORN ON OR ABOUT THE HUMAN BODY IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE ARTICLE IS LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
 - (i) SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT AND PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.
 - (ii) CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT.
 - (iii) THE RENTAL OF CLOTHING.
- (b) A COMPUTER, IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE COMPUTER IS LESS THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

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- (c) SCHOOL SUPPLIES THAT ARE ITEMS NORMALLY USED BY STUDENTS IN A STANDARD CLASSROOM FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES IF THE SALES PRICE OF EACH ITEM IS LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS.
- B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also exempt:
- 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, smelting and refining.
- 2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.
- 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification under section 42-5064 and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are components of carrier systems.
- 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.
- 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.
- 6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.
- 7. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other accessories and related equipment sold to:
- (a) A person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity, a supplemental air carrier certificate under federal aviation regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121) or a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

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- (b) Any foreign government for use by such government outside of this state, or sold to persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state.
- 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 9. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property.
- 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes.
- 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles which are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and which are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.
 - 12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.
- 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery or equipment which has never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals which do not total two years or more.
- (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that are electric-powered.
- 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities or technical services.

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- 15. Machinery and equipment that are purchased by or on behalf of the owners of a soundstage complex and primarily used for motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production in the complex. This paragraph applies only if the initial construction of the soundstage complex begins after June 30, 1996 and before January 1, 2002 and the machinery and equipment are purchased before the expiration of five years after the start of initial construction. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Motion picture, multimedia or interactive video production" includes products for theatrical and television release, educational presentations, electronic retailing, documentaries, music videos, industrial films, CD-ROM, video game production, commercial advertising and television episode production and other genres that are introduced through developing technology.
- (b) "Soundstage complex" means a facility of multiple stages including production offices, construction shops and related areas, prop and costume shops, storage areas, parking for production vehicles and areas that are leased to businesses that complement the production needs and orientation of the overall facility.
- 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or transmit telecommunications information:
- (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 100.
- (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations parts 25 and 100.
- (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.
- For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.
- 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are

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precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

- (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment.
- (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable component of the building that houses the clean room environment.
- 18. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.
- 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution.
- 20. Machinery and equipment that are used in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state and that are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.
- 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:
- (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or equipment described in this paragraph.
- (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.
- (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, whichever occurs first.

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- 22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2014 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for harvesting or the initial processing of qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this exemption, the qualified business must obtain and present its certification from the department of commerce at the time of purchase.
- 23. Machinery, equipment and other tangible personal property used directly in motion picture production by a motion picture production company. To qualify for this deduction EXEMPTION, at the time of purchase, the motion picture production company must present to the retailer its certificate that is issued pursuant to section 42-5009, subsection H and that establishes its qualification for the deduction EXEMPTION.
- C. The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not include:
- 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.
 - 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.
 - 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.
- 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.
- 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.
- 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.
 - 7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.
- D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:
- 1. Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.
- 2. Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax imposed under section 42-5063 has been paid.
 - E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to:
- 1. The storage, use or consumption in Arizona of machinery, equipment, materials or other tangible personal property if used directly and

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predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility, as described in section 41-1514.02. This paragraph applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

- 2. The purchase of electricity by a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 that is used directly in environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing. This paragraph shall apply for fifteen full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.
- F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:
- 1. Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons constructing residential, commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential, commercial or industrial developments to a municipal utility system or systems if the fees are segregated and used only for capital expansion, system enlargement or debt service of the utility system or systems.
- 2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or persons owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to provide utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility consumer if the property and equipment become the property of the utility. This deduction shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.
- G. FOR THE PURPOSES OF ADMINISTERING THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 49 OF THIS SECTION:
- 1. THE EXEMPTION UNDER SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 49 OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED AT A THEME PARK, ENTERTAINMENT COMPLEX, SPORTS ARENA, STADIUM, GOLF COURSE, HEALTH CLUB, ZOO, MOTION PICTURE THEATER OR OTHER SPECTATOR ENTERTAINMENT VENUE, TRANSIENT LODGING ESTABLISHMENT, RESTAURANT OR AIRPORT.
 - 2. THE TIME ZONE OF THE RETAILER'S LOCATION DETERMINES:
- (a) THE AUTHORIZED TIME PERIOD FOR A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY.
- (b) THE AUTHORIZED TIME PERIOD IF THE RETAILER AND PURCHASER ARE LOCATED IN DIFFERENT TIME ZONES.
- 3. "CLOTHING" MEANS ALL HUMAN WEARING APPAREL SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. CLOTHING DOES NOT INCLUDE BELT BUCKLES SOLD SEPARATELY, COSTUME MASKS SOLD SEPARATELY, PATCHES AND EMBLEMS SOLD SEPARATELY, SEWING EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES, INCLUDING KNITTING NEEDLES, PATTERNS, PINS, SCISSORS, SEWING MACHINES, SEWING NEEDLES, TAPE MEASURES AND THIMBLES, AND SEWING MATERIALS THAT BECOME PART OF CLOTHING, INCLUDING BUTTONS, FABRIC, LACE, THREAD, YARN AND ZIPPERS.

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- 4. "CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT" MEANS INCIDENTAL ITEMS WORN ON THE PERSON OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH CLOTHING, WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE ITEM IS WORN ON THE BODY IN A MANNER THAT IS CHARACTERISTIC OF CLOTHING. CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BRIEFCASES, PURSES, LUGGAGE, COSMETICS, HAIR NOTIONS, INCLUDING BARRETTES, HAIR BOWS AND HAIR NETS, HANDBAGS, HANDKERCHIEFS, JEWELRY, SUNGLASSES, UMBRELLAS, WALLETS, WATCHES, WIGS AND HAIRPIECES.
- 5. "COMPUTER" MEANS A LAPTOP, DESKTOP, NOTEBOOK OR TOWER COMPUTER SYSTEM THAT CONSISTS OF A CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT, RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY, A STORAGE DRIVE, A DISPLAY MONITOR AND A KEYBOARD AND DEVICES DESIGNED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A PERSONAL COMPUTER, SUCH AS A DISK DRIVE, MEMORY MODULE, COMPACT DISK DRIVE, DAUGHTERBOARD, DIGITALIZER, MICROPHONE, MODEM, MOTHERBOARD, MOUSE, MULTIMEDIA SPEAKER, PRINTER, SCANNER, SINGLE-USER HARDWARE, SINGLE-USER OPERATING SYSTEM, SOUNDCARD OR VIDEO CARD. COMPUTER DOES NOT MEAN MAINFRAME COMPUTERS, NETWORK HARDWARE, OPERATING SYSTEMS AND SOFTWARE, MINICOMPUTERS, HAND-HELD COMPUTERS, PERSONAL DIGITAL ASSISTANTS WITHOUT INTERNET ACCESS, HARDWARE WORD PROCESSORS, GRAPHICAL CALCULATORS, VIDEO GAME CONSOLES, GAME CONTROLLERS, TELEPHONES, DIGITAL CAMERAS, PAGERS, COMPACT DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES, DIGITAL VERSATILE DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES, DIGITAL VERSATILE DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES, DIGITAL VERSATILE DISCS ENCODED WITH MUSIC OR MOTION PICTURES AND SURGE PROTECTION OR UNINTERRUPTED POWER SUPPLY DEVICES.
- 6. "FOOTWEAR" MEANS SHOES, BOOTS, SLIPPERS, SANDALS, FLIP FLOPS AND TENNIS SHOES THAT ARE MEANT TO BE WORN BY HUMANS ON THEIR FEET.
- 7. "PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT" MEANS ITEMS FOR HUMAN WEAR AND DESIGNED AS PROTECTION FOR THE WEARER AGAINST INJURY OR DISEASE OR AS PROTECTION AGAINST DAMAGE OR INJURY OF OTHER PERSONS OR PROPERTY BUT NOT SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BREATHING MASKS, CLEAN ROOM APPAREL AND EQUIPMENT, EAR AND HEARING PROTECTORS, FACE SHIELDS, HARD HATS, HELMETS, PAINT OR DUST RESPIRATORS, PROTECTIVE GLOVES, SAFETY GLASSES, GOGGLES, SAFETY BELTS, TOOL BELTS AND WELDER'S GLOVES AND MASKS.
- 8. "SCHOOL SUPPLIES" MEANS IMPLEMENTS AND MATERIALS USED BY TYPICAL STUDENTS OF A GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM. SCHOOL SUPPLIES:
- (a) INCLUDE NOTEBOOKS, PAPER, WRITING INSTRUMENTS, CRAYONS, ART SUPPLIES, PAPER CLIPS, STAPLES, STAPLERS, SCISSORS, RULERS, BOOK BAGS, BACKPACKS, HANDHELD CALCULATORS, MAPS AND GLOBES VALUED AT LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER UNIT.
- (b) DO NOT INCLUDE TOOLS, SUCH AS HAMMERS, SAWS, SCREWDRIVERS, WRENCHES, POWER TOOLS, DRILLS, PNEUMATIC TOOLS AND PLUMBING TOOLS.
- 9. "SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT" MEANS ITEMS DESIGNED FOR HUMAN USE AND WORN IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN ATHLETIC OR RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY THAT ARE NOT SUITABLE FOR GENERAL USE. SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT INCLUDES BALLET AND TAP SHOES, CLEATED OR SPIKED ATHLETIC SHOES, GLOVES, INCLUDING BASEBALL, BOWLING, BOXING, HOCKEY AND GOLF GLOVES, GOGGLES, HAND AND ELBOW GUARDS, LIFE PRESERVERS AND VESTS, MOUTH GUARDS, ROLLER AND ICE SKATES, SHIN GUARDS, SHOULDER PADS, SKI BOOTS, WADERS, WETSUITS AND FINS.

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G. H. For the purposes of subsection B of this section:

- 1. "Aircraft" includes:
- (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.
- (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 2. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.
- H. I. For the purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service", "electric transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings prescribed in section 42-5063.
 - Sec. 9. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 42-6004. <u>Exemption from municipal tax</u>
- A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:
- 1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that portion of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, allocable by federal law to interstate telecommunications service.
 - 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.
- 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a destination outside this state.
 - 5. Interest on finance contracts.
 - 6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.
- 7. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a contract from constructing any lake facility development in a commercial enhancement reuse district established pursuant to section 9-499.08.
- 8. Sales of food or other items purchased with United States department of agriculture food stamp coupons issued under the food stamp act of 1977 (P.L. 95-113; 91 Stat. 958) or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; 42 United States Code section 1786) but may impose such a tax on other sales of food. If a city, town or special taxing district exempts sales of food from its tax or imposes a different transaction privilege rate on the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from sales of food and nonfood

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items, it shall use the definition of food prescribed by rule adopted by the department pursuant to section 42-5106.

- 9. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.
- (b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet. Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a common carrier.
- 10. THE FOLLOWING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SOLD DURING A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAX HOLIDAY AS DEFINED IN SECTION 42-5001, SUBJECT TO THE SAME LIMITATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 42-5061, SUBSECTION V:
- (a) AN ARTICLE OF CLOTHING OR FOOTWEAR DESIGNED TO BE WORN ON OR ABOUT THE HUMAN BODY IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE ARTICLE IS LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBDIVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO:
 - (i) SPORT OR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT AND PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.
 - (ii) CLOTHING ACCESSORIES OR EQUIPMENT.
 - (iii) THE RENTAL OF CLOTHING.
- (b) A COMPUTER IF THE SALES PRICE OF THE COMPUTER IS LESS THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- (c) SCHOOL SUPPLIES THAT ARE ITEMS NORMALLY USED BY STUDENTS IN A STANDARD CLASSROOM FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES IF THE SALES PRICE OF EACH ITEM IS LESS THAN FIFTY DOLLARS.
- B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:
- 1. A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if the motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and upon which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing such property.

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- 4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of this state or of any other state.
- 5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.
- 6. Except as provided in section 42-6104, a contract from constructing any lake facility development in a commercial enhancement reuse district established pursuant to section 9-499.08.
- D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one per cent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.
- E. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross income:
- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302. Sec. 10. Rules; exemption

The department of revenue is exempt from the rule making requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, for one year after the effective date of this act to adopt administrative rules regarding the implementation of this act.

Sec. 11. <u>Emergency</u>

This act is an emergency measure that is necessary to preserve the public peace, health or safety and is operative immediately as provided by law.

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